R13

Code: 13A03402

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R13) Supplementary Examinations May/June 2017

THERMAL ENGINEERING - I

(Mechanical Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

1 Answer the following: $(10 \times 02 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- (a) State the purpose of providing piston in IC engine.
- (b) What do you mean by scavenging in IC engine?
- (c) What is carburetion?
- (d) State any four functions of lubrication.
- (e) What is detonation?
- (f) What is meant by diesel knock?
- (g) Differentiate between brake power and indicated power of an IC engine.
- (h) Differentiate between SFC and TFC in engine performance.
- (i) What is the difference between perfect inter cooling and imperfect cooling.
- (j) Draw the p-V diagram of a two stage reciprocating air compressor.

PART - B

(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$)

[UNIT - I]

2 Describe the working of two stroke SI engine along with port timing diagram.

OF

3 Describe any five terminologies with suitable sketch involved in IC engine.

[UNIT – II]

4 What are the different types of cooling systems? Explain any two in detail.

OR

5 Mention the various methods of lubrication system and explain any two in detail.

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6 Explain with neat sketches normal and abnormal combustion in S.I engines.

OR

7 Define Ignition lag in CI engine. What are the factors effecting Ignition lag? Explain in CI engine.

UNIT - IV

- 8 (a) Describe the method of finding friction power using Morse test.
 - (b) An IC engine uses 6 kg of fuel having calorific value 44000 kJ/kg in one hour. The IP developed is 18 kW. The temperature of 11.5 kg of cooling water was found to rise through 25°C per minute. The temperature of 4.2 kg of exhaust gas with specific heat 1 kJ/kgK was found to rise through 220°C. Draw the heat balance sheet for the engine.

OR

- 9 (a) Establish the expression for brake power using rope brake and prony brake dynamometer.
 - (b) A rope brake has brake wheel diameter of 600 mm and the diameter of rope is 5 mm. The dead load on the brake is 210 N and spring balance reads 30 N. If the engine makes 450 rpm, find the brake power developed

Contd. in page 2

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UNIT - V

A two stage single acting reciprocating compressor takes in air at the rate of 0.2 m³/s. The intake pressure and temperature of air are 0.1 MPa and 16°C. The air is compressed to a final pressure of 0.7 MPa. The intermediate pressure is ideal and inter-cooling is perfect. The compression index in both the stages is 1.25 and the compressor runs at 600 rpm. Neglecting clearance, determine: (i) The intermediate pressure. (ii) The total volume of each cylinder. (iii) The power required to drive the compressor. (iv) The rate of heat rejection in the intercooler. Take Cp = 1.005 kJ/kgK and R = 0.287 kJ/kgK.

OR

- 11 (a) Compare the Centrifugal and Axial Compressor.
 - (b) List the various types of rotary compressors and explain the working principles of Roots blower.
