

B.Tech II Year I Semester (R13) Regular & Supplementary Examinations December 2015

# **ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

(Computer Science and Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

(b)

Max. Marks: 70

#### Answer all questions

All questions carry equal marks

\*\*\*\*

## PART – A (Electrical Engineering) UNIT – I

- (a) Derive the EMF equation of the DC generator. 1
  - Calculate the emf generated by a 4 pole wave wound armature having 45 slots with 18 conductors per slot (b) when driven at 1200 r.p.m, the flux per pole is 0.016 Wb.

#### OR

- 2 (a) Explain the principle of operation of DC motor.
  - Explain the operation of 3-point starter with neat diagram. (b)

## UNIT – II

- (a) Derive the expression for EMF equation of a single phase transformer. 3
  - Define and explain efficiency and regulation transformer. (b)

#### OR

- (a) A 2000/200 V, 20 kVA transformer has 66 turns in the secondary. Calculate the primary turns and the 4 primary and secondary full load currents, neglecting losses.
  - (b) Compare core and shell type transformers.

## UNIT – III

- (a) Explain the constructional details of three phase induction motor. 5
  - Explain the torque-slip characteristics of three phase induction motor. (b)

#### OR

6 Explain about the regulation of alternator by synchronous impedance method.

## PART – B (Electronics Engineering)

- 7 (a) Give the comparison of N - type and P - type semiconductors
  - Explain about the working principle and Volt Amp characteristics of PN junction diode with necessary (b) diagram.

### OR

8 Show that Zener diode acts as voltage regulator. Explain the Volt-Amp characteristics of the same with circuit diagram.

## ( UNIT – II )

Draw the CB configuration of BJT and Discuss about its I/O characteristics with waveform. Also express 9 the relationship between  $I_{B}$ ,  $I_{C}$  and  $I_{F}$ .

### OR

- Describe about the construction, working principle and operation of JFET with diagram. 10 (a)
  - Differentiate between BJT and JFET.

# UNIT – III

- (a) Convert the following Hexadecimal number into Decimal number: 11 (i) A4D9. (ii)DEAB. (iii) BCD3.
  - Design a full adder circuit using basic gates. Verify its sum and carry output using truth table. (b)
- Draw a logic circuit to implement the expression  $Y \cong AB = A(B + c) \subseteq B(B + c)$ . Simplify the function and 12 also draw the logic circuit for the simplified function.